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JC953 U.S. PTO
10/31/00

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Inventorship..... Mariani et al.
 Applicant..... Microsoft Corporation
 Attorney's Docket No. MS1-607US
 Title: Method and System for Centralized Network Usage Tracking

JC825 U.S. PTO
09/704196
10/31/00TRANSMITTAL LETTER AND CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

To: Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks
 Washington, D.C. 20231

From: Allan T. Sponseller (509) 324-9256
 Lee & Hayes, PLLC
 421 W. Riverside Avenue, Suite 500
 Spokane, WA 99201

The following enumerated items accompany this transmittal letter and are being submitted for the matter identified in the above caption.

1. Transmittal Letter with Certificate of Mailing included.
2. PTO Return Postcard Receipt
3. Check in the Amount of \$1520.00
4. Fee Transmittal
5. New patent application (title page plus 25 pages, including claims 1-45 & Abstract)
6. Executed Declaration
7. 5 sheets of formal drawings (Figs. 1-6)
8. Assignment w/Recordation Cover Sheet

Large Entity Status ☒Small Entity Status ☐

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge payment of fees or credit overpayments to Deposit Account No. 12-0769 in connection with any patent application filing fees under 37 CFR 1.16, and any processing fees under 37 CFR 1.17.

Date: 10/31/00

By:

Allan T. Sponseller
 Reg. No. 38,318

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

I hereby certify that the items listed above as enclosed are being deposited with the U.S. Postal Service as either first class mail, or Express Mail if the blank for Express Mail No. is completed below, in an envelope addressed to The Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks, Washington, D.C. 20231, on the below-indicated date. Any Express Mail No. has also been marked on the listed items.

Express Mail No. (if applicable)

EL685271144

Date: 10/31/2000

By:

Dana L. Calhoun
 Dana L. Calhoun

EL685271144

PTO/SB/17 (09-00)

Approved for use through 10/31/2002. OMB 0651-0032

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

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FEE TRANSMITTAL for FY 2001

Patent fees are subject to annual revision.

TOTAL AMOUNT OF PAYMENT

(\$)1520⁰⁰

Complete if Known

Application Number

Filing Date

First Named Inventor

Mariani

Examiner Name

Group Art Unit

Attorney Docket No.

MSI-60745

METHOD OF PAYMENT

1. ☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge indicated fees and credit any overpayments to:

Deposit
Account
Number

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Lee & Hayes PLLC

☒ Charge Any Additional Fee Required
Under 37 CFR 1.16 and 1.17

☐ Applicant claims small entity status.
See 37 CFR 1.27

2. ☒ Payment Enclosed:

☒ Check ☐ Credit card ☐ Money
Order ☐ Other

FEE CALCULATION

1. BASIC FILING FEE

Large Entity Small Entity

| Fee Code (\$) | Fee Code (\$) | Fee Description | Fee Paid |
|---------------|---------------|------------------------|----------|
| 101 710 | 201 355 | Utility filing fee | 710 |
| 106 320 | 206 160 | Design filing fee | |
| 107 490 | 207 245 | Plant filing fee | |
| 108 710 | 208 355 | Reissue filing fee | |
| 114 150 | 214 75 | Provisional filing fee | |

Fee Paid

710

SUBTOTAL (1) (\$)710⁰⁰

2. EXTRA CLAIM FEES

| Total Claims | Extra Claims | Fee from below | Fee Paid |
|--------------------|--------------|----------------|----------|
| 45 | -20** = 25 | 18 | 450 |
| 7 | -3** = 4 | 80 | 320 |
| Multiple Dependent | | | |

Large Entity Small Entity

| Fee Code (\$) | Fee Code (\$) | Fee Description | Fee Paid |
|---------------|---------------|--|----------|
| 103 18 | 203 9 | Claims in excess of 20 | |
| 102 80 | 202 40 | Independent claims in excess of 3 | |
| 104 270 | 204 135 | Multiple dependent claim, if not paid | |
| 109 80 | 209 40 | ** Reissue independent claims over original patent | |
| 110 18 | 210 9 | ** Reissue claims in excess of 20 and over original patent | |

SUBTOTAL (2)

(\$)770⁰⁰

**or number previously paid, if greater; For Reissues, see above

FEE CALCULATION (continued)

3. ADDITIONAL FEES

Large Entity Small Entity

| Fee Code (\$) | Fee Code (\$) | Fee Code (\$) | Fee Code (\$) | Fee Description | Fee Paid |
|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|----------|
| 105 130 | 205 65 | | | Surcharge - late filing fee or oath | |
| 127 50 | 227 25 | | | Surcharge - late provisional filing fee or cover sheet | |
| 139 130 | 139 130 | | | Non-English specification | |
| 147 2,520 | 147 2,520 | | | For filing a request for <i>ex parte</i> reexamination | |
| 112 920* | 112 920* | | | Requesting publication of SIR prior to Examiner action | |
| 113 1,840* | 113 1,840* | | | Requesting publication of SIR after Examiner action | |
| 115 110 | 215 55 | | | Extension for reply within first month | |
| 116 390 | 216 195 | | | Extension for reply within second month | |
| 117 890 | 217 445 | | | Extension for reply within third month | |
| 118 1,390 | 218 695 | | | Extension for reply within fourth month | |
| 128 1,890 | 228 945 | | | Extension for reply within fifth month | |
| 119 310 | 219 155 | | | Notice of Appeal | |
| 120 310 | 220 155 | | | Filing a brief in support of an appeal | |
| 121 270 | 221 135 | | | Request for oral hearing | |
| 138 1,510 | 138 1,510 | | | Petition to institute a public use proceeding | |
| 140 110 | 240 55 | | | Petition to revive - unavoidable | |
| 141 1,240 | 241 620 | | | Petition to revive - unintentional | |
| 142 1,240 | 242 620 | | | Utility issue fee (or reissue) | |
| 143 440 | 243 220 | | | Design issue fee | |
| 144 600 | 244 300 | | | Plant issue fee | |
| 122 130 | 122 130 | | | Petitions to the Commissioner | |
| 123 50 | 123 50 | | | Petitions related to provisional applications | |
| 126 240 | 126 240 | | | Submission of Information Disclosure Stmt | |
| 581 40 | 581 40 | | | Recording each patent assignment per property (times number of properties) | 40 |
| 146 710 | 246 355 | | | Filing a submission after final rejection (37 CFR § 1.129(a)) | |
| 149 710 | 249 355 | | | For each additional invention to be examined (37 CFR § 1.129(b)) | |
| 179 710 | 279 355 | | | Request for Continued Examination (RCE) | |
| 169 900 | 169 900 | | | Request for expedited examination of a design application | |

Other fee (specify) _____

* Reduced by Basic Filing Fee Paid

SUBTOTAL (3) (\$)40⁰⁰

SUBMITTED BY

Name (Print/Type)

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38,318

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Signature

[Signature]

Date

10/31/00

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Burden Hour Statement: This form is estimated to take 0.2 hours to complete. Time will vary depending upon the needs of the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you are required to complete this form should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, Washington, DC 20231. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, DC 20231.

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

APPLICATION FOR LETTERS PATENT

**Method and System for Centralized Network Usage
Tracking**

Inventor(s):

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Tara Prakriya
Madhan Subhas**

DOCKET "36740260

1 **TECHNICAL FIELD**

2 This invention relates to networks and information logging, and more
3 particularly to a method and system for centralized network usage tracking.
4

5 **BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

6 Computer systems throughout the world are becoming increasingly
7 connected via the Internet and the World Wide Web. The World Wide Web (also
8 referred to as simply the "Web") is a collection of documents (commonly referred
9 to as "Web pages") that users can view or otherwise render and which typically
10 include links to one or more other pages that the user can access. Web pages are
11 hosted on a web server that is accessible to client devices via the Internet and can
12 provide a wide range of information, such as company or personal information,
13 product information, interactive information allowing purchases of goods or
14 services to be made, etc.

15 Businesses and individuals often find it beneficial to be able to track the
16 manner in which users use the web (e.g., what web pages are being viewed by
17 users). Such tracking allows businesses to identify user needs and behaviors, and
18 better provide the users with the information they desire. When companies (which
19 may include multiple different divisions, subsidiaries, etc.) have a larger number
20 of web servers it is beneficial for the information logged at the individual servers
21 to be compiled into a large, centralized log. However, such compilation can prove
22 to be troublesome at best.

23 Currently it can be very difficult to compile information from a large
24 number of web servers because each web server must perform its own logging of
25 usage, those individual logs must be accessed, and the necessary information

1 retrieved from the logs. Given that web servers can host a large number of web
2 pages, a very large amount of information can be logged by the individual servers
3 (e.g., on the order of hundreds of thousands or more user accesses per day).
4 Current technology makes it difficult and time consuming to compile such large
5 amounts of individually collected information into a centralized location.
6 Attempts to compile such information in a centralized log are only exacerbated by
7 the fact that web servers can be spread across a wide geographic range (e.g.,
8 world-wide), different web servers may store different information in their
9 individual logs, different web servers may store information in different formats,
10 etc. Thus, it would be beneficial to provide an improved mechanism for tracking
11 web usage across a large number of web servers.

12 The invention described below addresses these disadvantages, providing for
13 centralized network usage tracking.

14 15 **SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

16 A method and system for centralized network usage tracking is described
17 herein.

18 According to one aspect, documents on a network server include a
19 reference to content on a centralized logging server. When one of the documents
20 is accessed by a client computer, the process of rendering the content at the client
21 computer includes requesting the content from the logging server. The logging
22 server, upon receipt of such a request, logs information embedded in the request
23 and returns a trivial response which requires little time and which rendering of
24 need not be perceivable by the user.
25

1 According to another aspect, the logging server responds to requests with a
2 small, trivial response. In one exemplary implementation, the trivial response
3 totals only 49 bytes and is a one pixel by one pixel transparent graphic image
4 (which therefore will not affect the appearance of the rest of the web page when
5 rendered).

6 7 **BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS**

8 The present invention is illustrated by way of example and not limitation in
9 the figures of the accompanying drawings. The same numbers are used
10 throughout the figures to reference like components and/or features.

11 Fig. 1 is a block diagram illustrating an exemplary network environment
12 such as may be used in accordance with certain embodiments of the invention.

13 Fig. 2 is a block diagram illustrating the exemplary data flow in logging
14 network usage at a centralized log server in accordance with certain embodiments
15 of the invention.

16 Fig. 3 illustrates an exemplary web page including a tracking tag in
17 accordance with certain embodiments of the invention.

18 Fig. 4 illustrates an exemplary trivial response.

19 Fig. 5 is a flowchart illustrating an exemplary process for centrally logging
20 server accesses in accordance with certain embodiments of the invention.

21 Fig. 6 illustrates an example of a suitable operating environment in which
22 at least portions of the invention may be implemented.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Fig. 1 is a block diagram illustrating an exemplary network environment such as may be used in accordance with certain embodiments of the invention. In the network environment 100 of Fig. 1, multiple clients 102, multiple servers 104, and a logging server 106 are illustrated coupled together via a network 108. Network 108 represents any of a wide variety of wired and/or wireless networks, including public and/or private networks (such as the Internet, local area networks (LANs), wide area networks (WANs), etc.). Clients 102 and servers 104, 106 can be coupled to network 108 in any of a wide variety of conventional manners, such as wired or wireless modems, direct network connections, etc.

Clients 102 communicate with servers 104, 106 using one or more protocols. In one implementation, network 108 is the Internet which supports the World Wide Web, and each client 102 includes a web browser 110 that allows users of clients 102 to access information on the Web. Information is communicated among clients 102 and servers 104, 106 using, for example, the well-known Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP), although other protocols (either public or proprietary) could alternatively be used. Web pages are created in a markup language, such as Hypertext Markup Language (HTML) or eXtensible Markup Language (XML), although other languages could alternatively be used.

Each server 104 includes an infrastructure 112 that can vary on a per-server basis as well as one or more documents 114. Documents 114 refer to files (or portions thereof), such as web pages, that are accessible to one or more clients 102. The infrastructure 112 can include, for example, a web server application that manages the accessing of the documents 114 by clients 102, a logging application or process that allows information regarding users to be logged locally

(e.g., in local logs 116), etc. It should be noted, however, that this local logging is distinct from the centralized logging as discussed in more detail below.

The format of documents 114 can vary depending on the protocol(s) supported by the network. By way of example, network 108 may be the Internet, servers 104 web servers, and documents 114 written in HTML or XML. A document 114 can optionally include references to content that is to be retrieved from different sources. For example, a browser 110 accessing a document 114 may, upon rendering the document, obtain content from additional sources (such as different documents 114 on the same server, or content on another server, content cached locally at client 102, etc.). During operation, browser 110 can render the content as it is received, or alternatively wait until all the content has been received from the various sources prior to rendering the content.

One or more documents 114 include a reference to content on logging server 106, which causes a browser 110 rendering the content of the document 114 to access logging server 106. When logging server 106 is accessed to obtain the content, the access is logged by logging server 106 in log 118. Thus, accesses to documents 114 on servers 104 result in additional accesses being made to logging server 106, thereby allowing the accesses to servers 104 to be logged in a centralized location (log 118). Although each document 114 need not include a reference to content on logging server 106, documents which do not include the reference are not logged by logging server 106.

Although the discussions herein refer to a single logging server 106, alternatively multiple logging servers 106 may exist that operate together to perform the centralized logging. For example, multiple logging servers may store the logged data into the same log 118.

Fig. 2 is a block diagram illustrating the exemplary data flow in logging network usage at a centralized log server in accordance with certain embodiments of the invention. The example of Fig. 2 is discussed with reference to a user accessing web pages on a web server via a web browser on client 102. In the example of Fig. 2, a user (or alternatively another program) of client 102 requests access to one of web pages 132 on web server 104 via web browser 130. This request can be submitted in any of a wide variety of conventional manners, such as the user manually entering an address (e.g., Internet address, uniform resource locator (URL), etc.), the selecting a link in another web page, etc. The request is carried out by web browser 130 sending a request 136 to server 134. Web server 134 responds to request 136 by sending, as a response 138, the requested web page 132. Web server 134 also stores, in local log 116, information regarding the user's access of web server 134. This local storage allows the owner or administrator of web server 134 to log accesses locally and separately from the centralized logging.

The requested web page 132 includes an additional tag to content stored on logging server 106, referred to as a tracking tag. When rendering web page 132, web browser 130 encounters this tracking tag and accesses logging server 106 by sending a logging request 140 to logging server 106 for the content. Receipt of request 140 gives logging server 106 the information it needs to store information regarding the user's access of the web page 132 on web server 104. In response to logging request 140 an application executing on logging server 106 (c.dll in the illustrated example) logs information regarding the user's access of the web page 132 in log 118, and returns a trivial response 142 to web browser 130. Trivial response 142 is a small response that is designed to have little or no impact on the display of the requested web page 132 by web browser 130.

The c.msn.com is the reference to logging server 106 (that is, it is an identifier that corresponds to the Internet address of logging server 106) and c.dll is the name of the program on logging server 106 that performs the logging. It is to be appreciated that the reference to the logging server and the name of the program on the logging server that performs the logging will vary by implementation based on the actual names or identifiers assigned in the specific implementation. The *parameters* are logging information that is recorded by the web server 134 and passed to web browser 130 along with the response 138. These parameters may be implemented in different formats, such as a simple list of the information to be logged, an encoded and/or encrypted version of the information to be logged, etc.

A wide variety of information regarding usage of the web by the user can be included in the *parameters* of the tracking tag. In one exemplary implementation, the following information is encoded as the parameters of the tag: the subject matter of the content of the web page (e.g., soccer, sport fishing, consumer audio/video electronics, etc.); an identification (e.g., address) of the web server hosting the web page; what actions were being taken by the user when the web page was displayed (e.g., regular viewing, filling in a form, taking a poll, etc.); and what kind of advertising, if any, was being displayed to the user (e.g., the subject matter of the advertisements, specific companies/products/services being advertised, etc.). All of this information is readily available to web server 134 and can be dynamically incorporated into the requested web pages as the *parameters* of the tracking tag in a conventional manner.

1 Other information may also be sent by web browser 130 as logging request
2 140 in addition to that included as the parameters to the tracking tag discussed
3 above. In one implementation, a user of client 102 has a set of data that
4 corresponds to him or her and describes his or her various attributes (e.g., name,
5 usage patterns, preferences, etc.) that is stored at client 102 by a server (such as
6 server 134). This set of data is commonly referred to as a "cookie". The cookie
7 has a range of addresses or URLs that it is associated with, which can include the
8 logging server 106. Each time that web browser 130 accesses content on a server
9 that is included in the range associated with the cookie, that cookie is sent by web
10 browser 130 to that server. If the logging server 106 is within the range of
11 addresses associated with the cookie, then the cookie is also sent by web browser
12 130 as part of logging request 140, allowing logging server 106 to store the cookie
13 (or selected information from the cookie) in log 118. In one implementation, the
14 logging server 106 and web server 134 are associated with the same domain (the
15 same range of addresses), so the same cookie is associated with both servers 106
16 and 134. It should be noted that this use of cookies is an overt sharing of
17 information between servers, and thus can be readily audited by individuals with
18 privacy concerns, suppressed by the user, etc.

19 The tracking tag can be incorporated into web pages 132 in a variety of
20 different locations (and can vary per web page). In one implementation, the tag is
21 located at the end of the page outside of the formatting of the page. By placing the
22 tag outside of the formatting, user-perceivable delay in rendering the page due to
23 accessing the additional content can be avoided. For example, some browsers may
24 need to know the size of all additional content that is referenced within the
25 formatting portion of the web page, and such browsers access the servers that store

1 that content for such sizes prior to rendering the web page. Thus, by placing the
2 tag outside of the formatting, the logging server 106 is not accessed by the
3 browser until after the rest of the page has been rendered (so no additional delay is
4 imposed on the rendering of the web page by accessing the logging server, nor are
5 users adversely affected if the logging server should happen to be unavailable).

6 Fig. 3 illustrates an exemplary web page including a tracking tag in
7 accordance with certain embodiments of the invention. In the illustrated example,
8 a web page 150 is written in HTML and includes a header portion 152 and a body
9 portion 154. Outside of these portions 152 and 154 is a reference portion 156 that
10 includes a tracking tag having parameters 158 (four pieces of information each
11 encoded into a two-digit number).

12 Returning to Fig. 2, logging server 106 performs its logging of data based
13 on logging request 140. In the illustrated example, trivial response 142 simply
14 serves to be a response to logging request 140. Some protocols (such as HTTP)
15 call for a response to be returned for each request – failure to return such a
16 response can result in different actions, such as another request by browser 130, an
17 error being displayed to the user that the requested content or address could not be
18 found, etc. By returning the trivial response, logging server 106 avoids
19 inefficiencies due to additional repeated requests, notifications to the user, etc.
20 Alternatively, if such inefficiencies can be tolerated (or if the protocol being used
21 does not require a response to requests) then logging server 106 need not return
22 any response.

23 The trivial response returned by logging server 106 can be any of a wide
24 variety of responses, and in one implementation is designed so that rendering of
25 the content included in the response is not perceivable by a user. By way of

In the illustrated example, the trivial response returned by logging server 106 is designed to be very small so that the performance impact on the browser of having to obtain the content from logging server 106 is reduced. In one implementation, trivial response 142 is only 49 bytes. By having a small trivial response, the performance of logging server 106 is also improved, allowing server 106 to respond to a very large number of requests in a timely manner. An exemplary 49-byte trivial response is illustrated in Fig. 4.

Fig. 5 is a flowchart illustrating an exemplary process for centrally logging server accesses in accordance with certain embodiments of the invention. In the illustrated example of Fig. 5, the process is described with reference to accessing a web page from a web server. The process of Fig. 5 illustrates the actions taken by a client web browser (portion 170), a web server (portion 172), and a logging server (portion 174). These actions can be implemented in software, firmware, hardware, or a combination thereof, and can be implemented in different manners by the client and servers.

Initially, a request for a web page is sent from the client web browser to the web server (act 176). The web server receives the request (act 178) and responds with the requested web page including the additional tracking tag (act 180). The web server also optionally logs information regarding the user (and/or information about what the user was doing, viewing, etc.) locally (act 182).

1 The requested web page is received by the web browser (act 184), which in
2 turn sends out any necessary secondary requests to the appropriate servers (act
3 186). These secondary requests are to receive other content needed to display the
4 requested web page (which may be hosted on the same or different servers as the
5 requested web page). Web browser 180 renders (e.g., displays visual content,
6 plays audio content, etc.) portions of the web page as they are received (act 188),
7 and once all portions are rendered sends a tracking request to the logging server
8 (act 190). The logging server receives the tracking request (act 192) and responds
9 to the tracking request with a trivial response (act 194). The logging server also
10 logs data included in and/or corresponding to the tracking request (act 196), such
11 as information embedded in the request, cookies associated with the request, etc.
12 The web browser receives the trivial response (act 198) and renders the content of
13 the trivial response (act 200).

14 Fig. 6 illustrates an example of a suitable operating environment in which
15 at least portions of the invention may be implemented. The illustrated operating
16 environment is only one example of a suitable operating environment and is not
17 intended to suggest any limitation as to the scope of use or functionality of the
18 invention. Other well known computing systems, environments, and/or
19 configurations that may be suitable for use with the invention include, but are not
20 limited to, personal computers, server computers, hand-held or laptop devices,
21 multiprocessor systems, microprocessor-based systems, programmable consumer
22 electronics, gaming consoles, cellular telephones, public terminals or kiosks,
23 wearable computers, network PCs, minicomputers, mainframe computers,
24 distributed computing environments that include any of the above systems or
25 devices, and the like.

The bus 248 represents one or more of any of several types of bus structures, including a memory bus or memory controller, a peripheral bus, an accelerated graphics port, and a processor or local bus using any of a variety of bus architectures. The system memory 246 includes read only memory (ROM) 250 and random access memory (RAM) 252. A basic input/output system (BIOS) 254, containing the basic routines that help to transfer information between elements within computer 242, such as during start-up, is stored in ROM 250. Computer 242 further includes a hard disk drive 256 for reading from and writing to a hard disk, not shown, connected to bus 248 via a hard disk drive interface 257 (e.g., a SCSI, ATA, or other type of interface); a magnetic disk drive 258 for reading from and writing to a removable magnetic disk 260, connected to bus 248 via a magnetic disk drive interface 261; and an optical disk drive 262 for reading from and/or writing to a removable optical disk 264 such as a CD ROM, DVD, or other optical media, connected to bus 248 via an optical drive interface 265. The drives and their associated computer-readable media provide nonvolatile storage of computer readable instructions, data structures, program modules and other data for computer 242. Although the exemplary environment described herein employs a hard disk, a removable magnetic disk 260 and a removable optical disk 264, it will be appreciated by those skilled in the art that other types of computer readable

media which can store data that is accessible by a computer, such as magnetic cassettes, flash memory cards, random access memories (RAMs), read only memories (ROM), and the like, may also be used in the exemplary operating environment.

A number of program modules may be stored on the hard disk, magnetic disk 260, optical disk 264, ROM 250, or RAM 252, including an operating system 270, one or more application programs 272, other program modules 274, and program data 276. A user may enter commands and information into computer 242 through input devices such as keyboard 278 and pointing device 280. Other input devices (not shown) may include a microphone, joystick, game pad, satellite dish, scanner, or the like. These and other input devices are connected to the processing unit 244 through an interface 268 that is coupled to the system bus (e.g., a serial port interface, a parallel port interface, a universal serial bus (USB) interface, etc.). A monitor 284 or other type of display device is also connected to the system bus 248 via an interface, such as a video adapter 286. In addition to the monitor, personal computers typically include other peripheral output devices (not shown) such as speakers and printers.

Computer 242 operates in a networked environment using logical connections to one or more remote computers, such as a remote computer 288. The remote computer 288 may be another personal computer, a server, a router, a network PC, a peer device or other common network node, and typically includes many or all of the elements described above relative to computer 242, although only a memory storage device 290 has been illustrated in Fig. 6. The logical connections depicted in Fig. 6 include a local area network (LAN) 292 and a wide area network (WAN) 294. Such networking environments are commonplace in

1 offices, enterprise-wide computer networks, intranets, and the Internet. In certain
2 embodiments of the invention, computer 242 executes an Internet Web browser
3 program (which may optionally be integrated into the operating system 270) such
4 as the "Internet Explorer" Web browser manufactured and distributed by
5 Microsoft Corporation of Redmond, Washington.

6 When used in a LAN networking environment, computer 242 is connected
7 to the local network 292 through a network interface or adapter 296. When used
8 in a WAN networking environment, computer 242 typically includes a modem 298
9 or other means for establishing communications over the wide area network 294,
10 such as the Internet. The modem 298, which may be internal or external, is
11 connected to the system bus 248 via a serial port interface 268. In a networked
12 environment, program modules depicted relative to the personal computer 242, or
13 portions thereof, may be stored in the remote memory storage device. It will be
14 appreciated that the network connections shown are exemplary and other means of
15 establishing a communications link between the computers may be used.

16 Computer 242 also includes a broadcast tuner 200. Broadcast tuner 200
17 receives broadcast signals either directly (e.g., analog or digital cable
18 transmissions fed directly into tuner 200) or via a reception device (e.g., via an
19 antenna or satellite dish).

20 Computer 242 typically includes at least some form of computer readable
21 media. Computer readable media can be any available media that can be accessed
22 by computer 242. By way of example, and not limitation, computer readable
23 media may comprise computer storage media and communication media.
24 Computer storage media includes volatile and nonvolatile, removable and non-
25 removable media implemented in any method or technology for storage of

1 information such as computer readable instructions, data structures, program
2 modules or other data. Computer storage media includes, but is not limited to,
3 RAM, ROM, EEPROM, flash memory or other memory technology, CD-ROM,
4 digital versatile disks (DVD) or other optical storage, magnetic cassettes, magnetic
5 tape, magnetic disk storage or other magnetic storage devices, or any other media
6 which can be used to store the desired information and which can be accessed by
7 computer 242. Communication media typically embodies computer readable
8 instructions, data structures, program modules or other data in a modulated data
9 signal such as a carrier wave or other transport mechanism and includes any
10 information delivery media. The term "modulated data signal" means a signal that
11 has one or more of its characteristics set or changed in such a manner as to encode
12 information in the signal. By way of example, and not limitation, communication
13 media includes wired media such as wired network or direct-wired connection,
14 and wireless media such as acoustic, RF, infrared and other wireless media.
15 Combinations of any of the above should also be included within the scope of
16 computer readable media.

17 The invention has been described in part in the general context of
18 computer-executable instructions, such as program modules, executed by one or
19 more computers or other devices. Generally, program modules include routines,
20 programs, objects, components, data structures, etc. that perform particular tasks
21 or implement particular abstract data types. Typically the functionality of the
22 program modules may be combined or distributed as desired in various
23 embodiments.

24 For purposes of illustration, programs and other executable program
25 components such as the operating system are illustrated herein as discrete blocks,

1 **CLAIMS**

2

3 1. A system comprising:

4 a plurality of web servers, each storing a plurality of web pages and

5 returning selected ones of the plurality of web pages to a plurality of requesting

6 client devices;

7 a central logging server coupled to the plurality of web servers;

8 wherein each of the plurality of web pages for which centralized logging is

9 desired includes a reference to content stored on the central logging server; and

10 wherein the central logging server logs accesses to the plurality of web

11 servers upon receipt, from the requesting client devices, of a request for the

12 content.

13

14 2. A system as recited in claim 1, wherein the plurality of web servers,

15 the central logging server, and the plurality of requesting client devices are

16 coupled together via the Internet.

17

18 3. A system as recited in claim 1, wherein the reference has embedded

19 therein information identifying usage of the web by a user initiating a request for a

20 web page.

21

22 4. A system as recited in claim 1, wherein the central logging server

23 further logs information received in a cookie accompanying the request for the

24 content.

25

1 **18.** A method as recited in claim 17, wherein the receiving comprises
2 receiving the request from a client computing device.

3
4 **19.** A method as recited in claim 17, wherein the information embedded
5 in the request comprises information regarding what content was being rendered
6 when the web page was accessed.

7
8 **20.** A method as recited in claim 17, wherein the information embedded
9 in the request comprises information identifying usage of the web by a user
10 initiating the request.

11
12 **21.** A method as recited in claim 17, further comprising:
13 receiving a cookie along with the request; and
14 logging information included in the cookie.

15
16 **22.** A method as recited in claim 17, wherein the content comprises a
17 transparent graphic image.

18
19 **23.** A method as recited in claim 17, wherein the responding comprises
20 returning a small response to a device the request was received from.

21
22 **24.** A method as recited in claim 17, wherein the responding comprises
23 returning a response of less than 50 bytes to a device the request was received
24 from.

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1 **25.** One or more computer-readable memories containing a computer
2 program that is executable by a processor to perform the method recited in claim
3 17.

4
5 **26.** A method comprising:
6 sending a request to access a web page at a first server;
7 receiving the web page including an indication of additional content to be
8 obtained from a second server so that access to the web page can be logged at the
9 second server; and
10 sending another request to the second server for the additional content.

11
12 **27.** A method as recited in claim 26, wherein the other request has
13 embedded therein information identifying usage of the web by a user initiating the
14 request.

15
16 **28.** A method as recited in claim 26, further comprising sending, as part
17 of the other request, a cookie that is associated with a plurality of servers including
18 the second server.

19
20 **29.** One or more computer-readable memories containing a computer
21 program that is executable by a processor to perform the method recited in claim
22 26.

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35. A method comprising:

including, in a web page to be stored at a web server, a reference to content stored on a logging server, the reference having embedded therein an indication to the logging server that the web server was accessed.

36. A method as recited in claim 35, wherein the reference further has

embedded therein information identifying usage of the web by a user initiating the access to the web server.

37. A method as recited in claim 35, wherein the reference comprises a

Hypertext Markup Language (HTML) tag.

38. One or more computer-readable memories containing a computer

program that is executable by a processor to perform the method recited in claim 35.

39. A computer readable medium having stored thereon a web page, the

web page including portions that, when interpreted by a plurality of instructions being executed by one or more processors, causes the plurality of instructions to perform acts including:

indicating to a centralized logging server that a web server hosting the web page has been accessed.

1 **40.** A computer readable medium as recited in claim 39, wherein the
2 plurality of instructions comprises a web browser.

3
4 **41.** A computer readable medium as recited in claim 39, wherein one of
5 the portions includes a reference to content stored on the centralized logging
6 server, and wherein the indicating comprises requesting the content from the
7 centralized logging server.

8
9 **42.** A computer readable medium as recited in claim 41, wherein the
10 reference includes information regarding what content was being rendered as part
11 of the web page.

12
13 **43.** A computer readable medium as recited in claim 41, wherein the
14 reference includes information identifying the web server.

15
16 **44.** A computer readable medium as recited in claim 39, wherein one of
17 the portions includes a reference to content stored on another web server.

18
19 **45.** A computer readable medium as recited in claim 39, wherein the
20 plurality of instructions includes a Hypertext Markup Language (HTML) tag.

1 **ABSTRACT**

2 In accordance with a method and system for centralized network usage
3 tracking, documents on a network server include a reference to content on a
4 centralized logging server. When one of the documents is accessed by a client
5 computer, the process of rendering the content at the client computer includes
6 requesting the content from the logging server. The logging server, upon receipt
7 of such a request, logs information embedded in the request and returns a trivial
8 response which requires little time and which rendering of need not be perceivable
9 by the user.
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DOC ID: 56740460

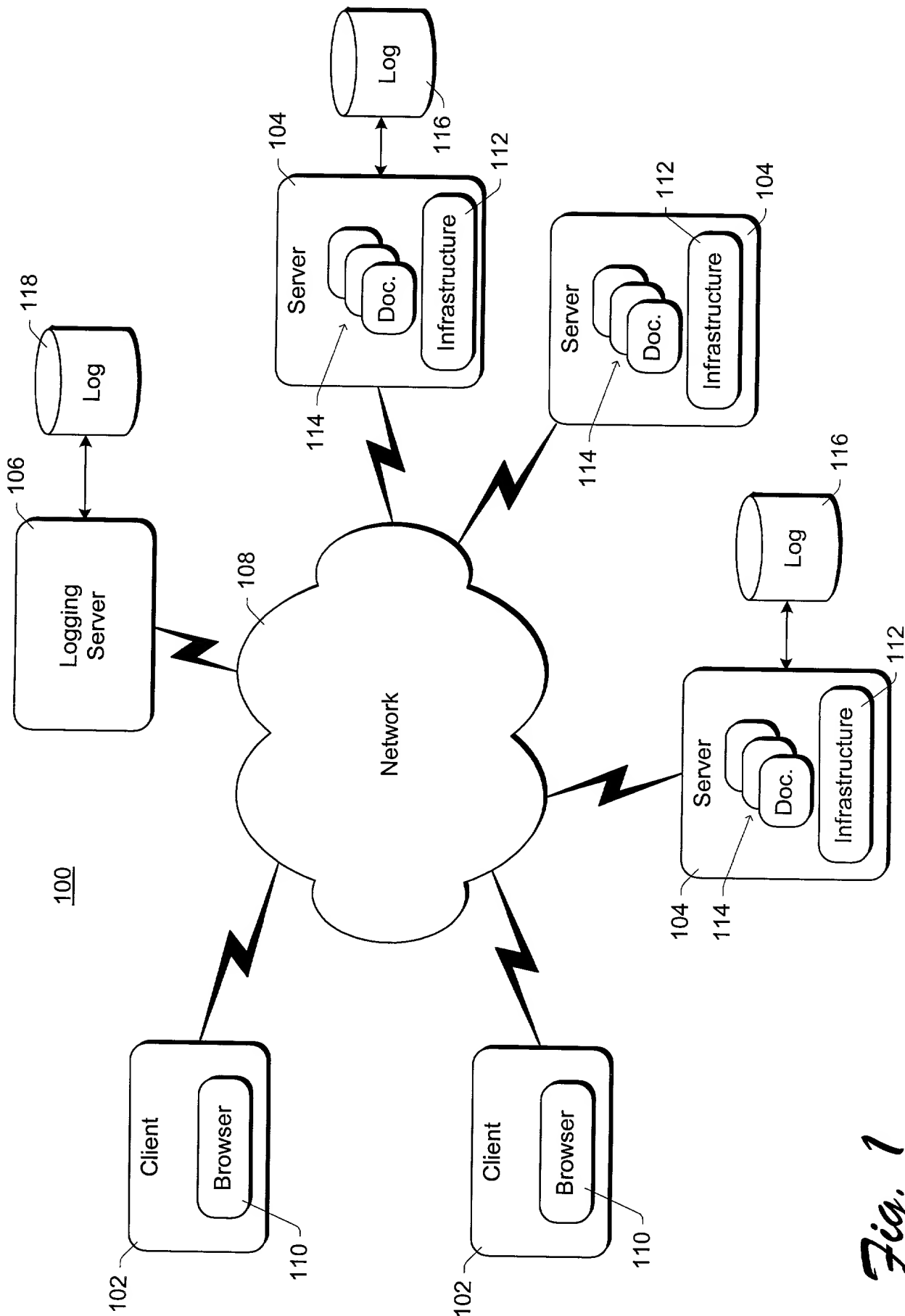


Fig. 1

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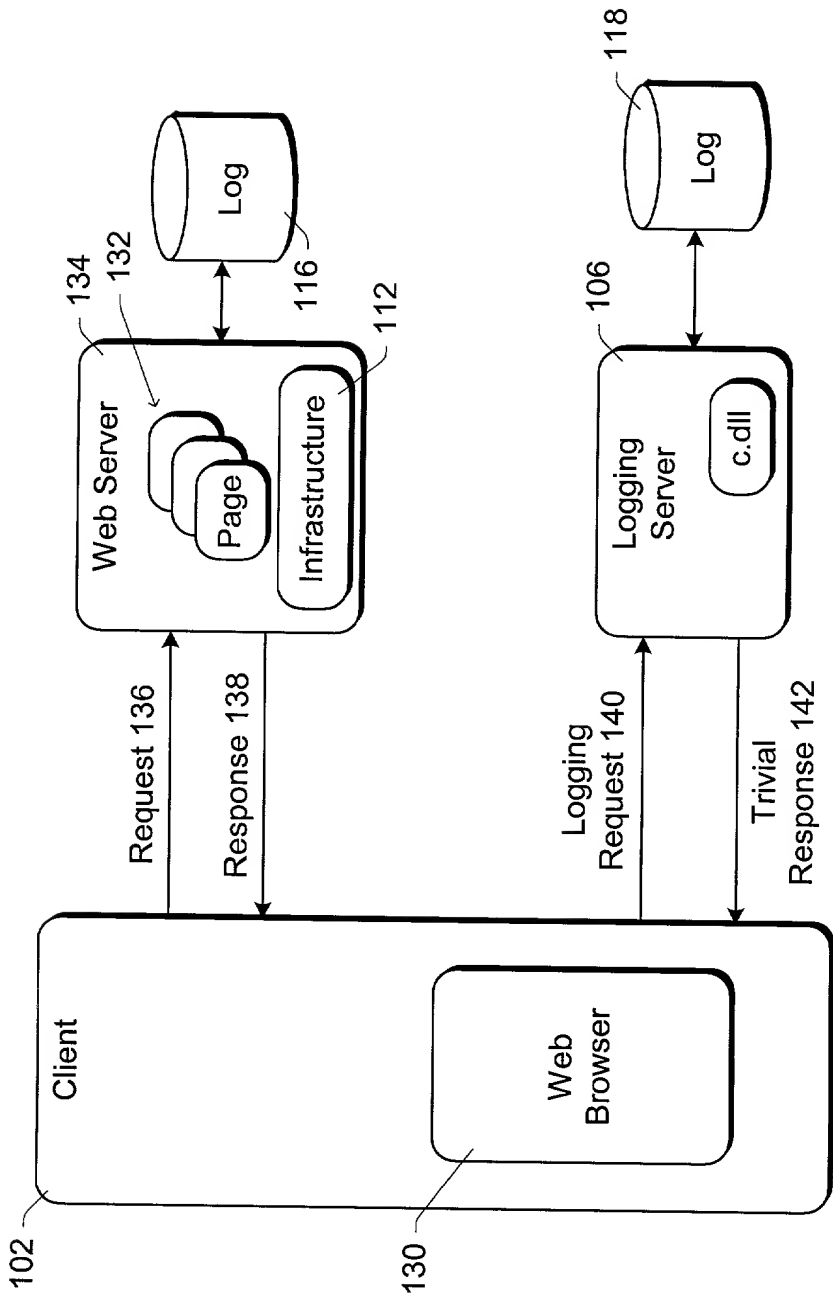


Fig. 2

150

152 {
 <HTML>
 <HEAD>
 <META HTTP-EQUIV="Content-Type" CONTENT="text/html; charset=iso8859-1" />
 <TITLE>Welcome to Microsoft's Homepage</TITLE>
 .
 .
 .
 </HEAD>
 154 {
 <BODY BGCOLOR="#FFFFFF" TOPMARGIN="0" LEFTMARGIN="0" MARGINWIDTH="0"
 MARGINHEIGHT="0" TEXT="#000000" ALINK="#003399" LINK="#003399" VLINK="#003399">
 .
 .
 .
 </BODY>
 156 {
 </HTML>

158

Fig. 3

```

BYTE g_abInvisiGif[] =
{
  0x47, 0x49, 0x46, 0x38, 0x39, 0x61, 0x01, 0x00,
  0x01, 0x00, 0x91, 0xff, 0x00, 0xff, 0xff, 0xff,
  0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0xc0, 0xc0, 0xc0, 0x00, 0x00,
  0x00, 0x21, 0xf9, 0x04, 0x01, 0x00, 0x00, 0x02,
  0x00, 0x2c, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x01, 0x00,
  0x01, 0x00, 0x00, 0x02, 0x02, 0x54, 0x01, 0x00,
  0x3b
};

```

Fig. 4

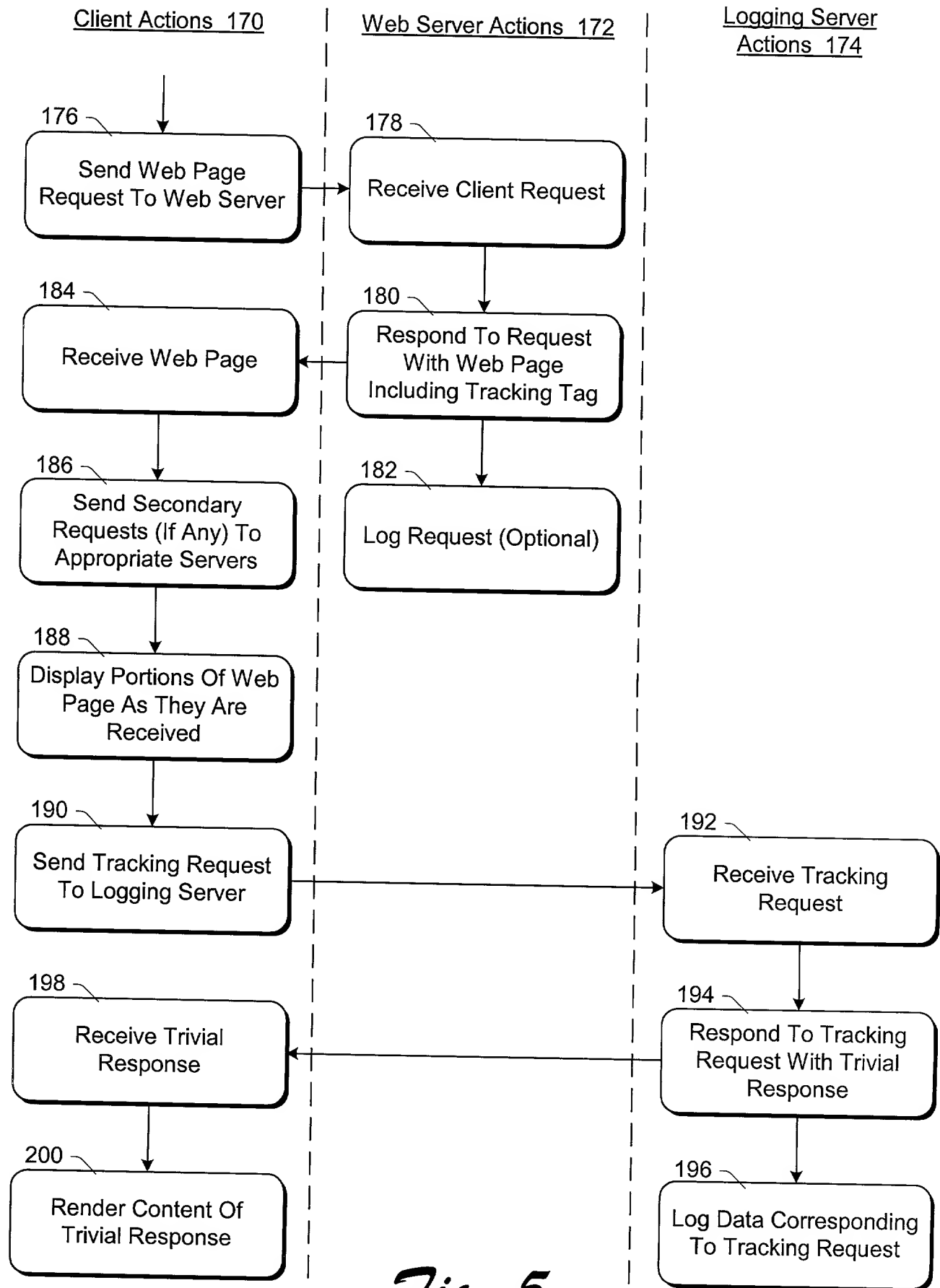
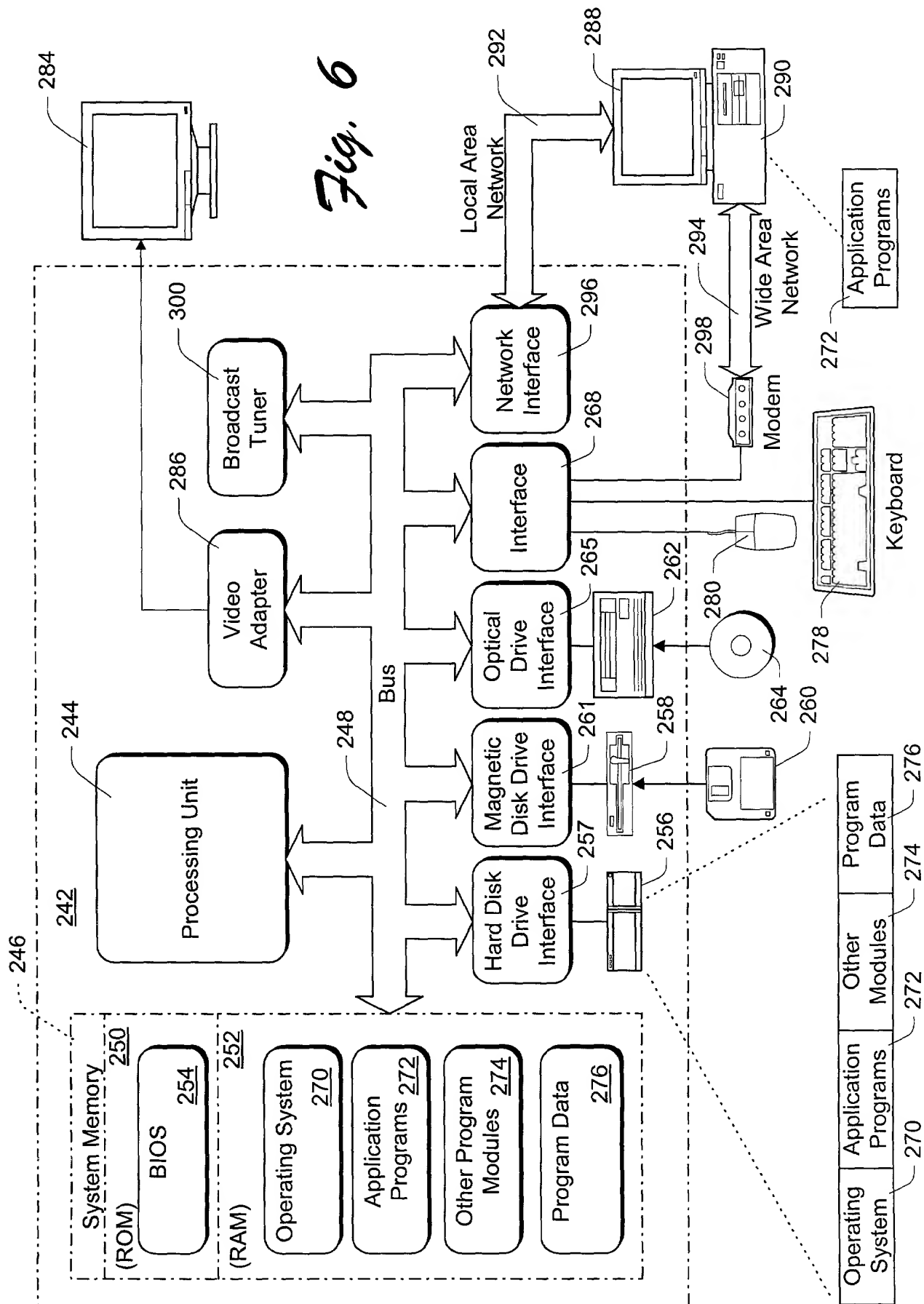


Fig. 5



1 **IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE**

2 Inventorship..... Mariani et al.
 3 Applicant Microsoft Corporation
 4 Attorney's Docket No. MS1-607US
 Title: Method and System for Centralized Network Usage Tracking

5 **DECLARATION FOR PATENT APPLICATION**

6 As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

7 My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to
 8 my name.

9 I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed
 10 below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the
 11 subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention
 12 entitled "Method and System for Centralized Network Usage Tracking," the
 13 specification of which is attached hereto.

14 I have reviewed and understand the content of the above-identified
 15 specification, including the claims.

16 I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the
 17 examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal
 18 Regulations, § 1.56(a).

19 **PRIOR FOREIGN APPLICATIONS:** no applications for foreign patents or
 20 inventor's certificates have been filed prior to the date of execution of this
 21 declaration.

22 **Power of Attorney**

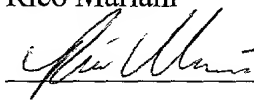
23 I appoint the following attorneys to prosecute this application and transact all
 24 future business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected with this application:
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11 All statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all
12 statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that
13 these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the
14 like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of
15 Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statement may
16 jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued therefrom.

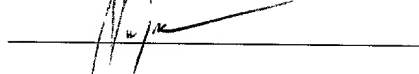
17
18 * * * * *

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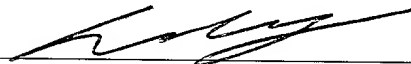
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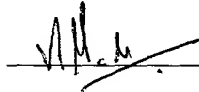
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